## Español III Unidad 2 Lección 1

## **Polite Requests**

Many Spanish-speakers avoid direct commands and look for a way of making their suggestions more courteous. Here is one way to make a request that is "nicer" than other ways.

Podrías/podría/podríais/podrían + verb in infinitive form (not conjugated)

Ex. ¿Podrías ayudarme? Could you please help me?

Other examples:

Me gustaría—I would like Quería—I would want, like

Me gustaría(n)\_\_\_\_\_

Me encantaría(n)\_\_\_\_\_

Quería/quisiera\_\_\_\_\_

A ver si\_\_\_\_\_

Perdone\_\_\_\_\_

Disculpe(me)\_\_\_\_\_

Por favor\_\_\_\_\_

## **Another Way to State Commands**

Use Favor de + infinitive (unchanged verb)

Ex. Favor de ayudarme aquí Señor

## Los Mandatos (commands)

NOSOTROS Take the verb. Some	might be irregu	form of the ar.			
	for –ar verbs.				
Add	for –er,	/-ir verbs.			
There are some irregulars of course.					
Verb	Meaning	Command			
Dar					
Estar					
Saber					
Ser					
Ver					
Ir is also irregular. If it is positive (let's go) use  If it is negative (let's not go) use no					
-zar will end in					
-car will end in					
-gar will end in					
-ir stem-changing verbs are special. o goes to (durmamos)					
e goes to					
(pidamos)					

USTED and USTEDES							TU POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE Tú positive			
Again, tak	Again, take the form of the									
verb and add the following:							For tú positive commands, just use the form of the present			
		-ar		-er,	-ir		tense.			
Usted	-									
Ustedes							Of course, there are irregulars here too.			
				•		_				
Of course	Of course there are irregulars, most bas			based		Verb	Meaning	Tú positive		
on the yo form.						Decir				
							Hacer			
Verb	Mea	aning	Ud.		Uds.		Ir			
Caer							Poner			
Hacer							Salir			
Oír							Ser			
Poner							Tener			
Salir							venir			
Venir										
Tener							Tú negative	<u>.</u>		
Traer								or the negatives		
Ofrecer								(-ar) and		
Dar							(-er, -ir).			
Estar								form first again		
Ir							irregular, so	o is the tú negati	ve command.	
Ser						_				
saber						-	Verb	Meaning	Tú negative	
						_	estar			
						_	dar			
	-car changes to for Ud.					<b> </b>	ir			
and for Uds.			-	saber						
	-gar changes to f			for Ud.	_	haber				
and for Uds.					ser					
-zar changes to				for Ud.		decir				
and for Uds.				salir						
							hacer			
The stem-changing verbs are also irregular					regular		poner			
but just th	but just think of the yo form.						venir			

-car goes to	
-gar goes to	
-zar goes to	

tener

Ex. Duerma, pida, pierda